



The Best Wheat and Mixed Farming Lands in Alberta

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## Village and Coal Situation!

## Breezelets

One of the favorite seditious utterances of one John Reid was:

"He had served his king and country faithfully in the Boer war and had returned 5000 miles to find he had no country and flag, and his king did not want him."

For fifteen years Reid has been laboring under this delusion, and it was only on Jan. 27th, 1916, that he awoke up to the fact—

That his country has need of him—for fifteen months!

And his country has been more generous to him than he had any idea of:

It has provided him with a free home and a grub stake—for fifteen months.

And "work" for the same period

Work! Something, in all probability, that Reid has parted company with years ago.

Reid said he had served his king and country in the Boer war

Mr. Justice Simmons stated that Reid had served for a short period in the British army at the close of the Boer war.

The Dutch women are to get vote.

The English again must realize that they have to go some to beat the Dutch.

The Kaiser being once more convalescent, it is again the turn of the crown prince, who has not had a funeral for several months.

The Huns' Motto: Everything comes to him that hates.

Austria's announcement that the Czar is licked seems to be just a trifle premature.

At least the Czar doesn't appear to know it.

One report says the kaiser hasn't smiled for a year, but another seems to indicate that though the situation may be serious he is determined to grin and bear it.

You may get disgusted with the weather occasionally, but just think how the weather prognosticator must feel.

## Chinook Breezes

Big snow drifts!

February 2nd.

Did the bear see his shadow?

Mr. J. W. Jones is home for a week.

Miss Dell of Saskatoon is visiting her brother, E. R. Dell, for a few weeks.

Joe Whitey returned home on Saturday, after being in Calgary hospital for six weeks' treatment for appendicitis.

## A Very Pleasant Evening

The social evening at the church on Monday brought together a large crowd, and a very enjoyable time was spent.

## Officials at the Scene of the Tie-Up

A special C.N.R. official train from Calgary went through here Tuesday noon to the scene of the tie-up at the big snow drift.

## An Old Timer

A St. Valentine's social will be held in the Chinook church on the 14th inst, under the auspices of the choir. Games and a good programme is being prepared. Refreshments served. Admission: The month of the year and the date of the month. Reserve this date and don't miss the social.

## Had 'Em Tied Up

The blizzard and intense cold on Sunday was one of the worst experienced in this section for some years—so the old inhabitant tells us. The heavy drifts of snow, packed in hard by the driving wind, about completed the entire tie-up of railway traffic on this line, both east and west—the east in the vicinity of Bentley being in the worst condition and where the snow plows were hammering away for some days to break through the huge snow drift. In the meantime, all train service was cancelled.

## Now About This Coal Deal?

The coal shortage that was beginning to assume a very serious aspect in Chinook and vicinity, temporarily relieved on Monday morning by the village council commandeering a car of coal that was on the siding, but billed to another town. The coal was distributed in half ton lots. It is expected that the several cars of coal now on the way will be here in a day or so. If not, there is still another car or two of coal on the siding, which will be taken possession of should the necessity arise.

## "His Country Needs Him!"

## JOHN REID GETS SOME OF WHAT'S COMING TO HIM

John Reid, who is well known in Chinook and vicinity, who lectured here some time ago and his speech was largely composed of seditious utterances of a raw type, was tried before Mr. Justice Simmons at Red Deer on Thursday of last week for using seditious language—some of the same he expressed when he was in Chinook.

After taking up nearly the entire day of the supreme court, Reid was found guilty by a jury on three counts of having used seditious words, and was sentenced as above.

His lordship, before passing sentence, scored the prisoner for the manner in which he had given his evidence, which his lordship said he felt sure was dishonest and not given with honest intention. He felt that as the accused was born in Scotland and had served for a short period in the British army at the close of the Boer war, he should have known better than make the statements he was charged with having made and that he had said these things with a clear idea of creating a mistaken idea in the minds of his audiences at public meetings he was addressing in the interests of the Socialists.

Reid was charged by the crown with using among many the following seditious statements at Socialists' meetings held at Rocky Mountain and Everts in March and June of 1915: "The German atrocities in this war are no worse than those committed by the British." "British territory had been stolen under force of arms."

"He had served his king and country faithfully in the Boer war and had returned 5,000 miles to find he had no country and flag, and his king did not want him." "He was British born, but was not proud of it, and had no country." "It was a capitalist war; men are enlisting in the British army simply for meal tickets."

These and many other extreme statements were uttered by him and proven by several witnesses for the crown and it was shown that through Reid's speeches recruiting and giving to the Patriotic fund were discouraged. Feeling ran high at the meetings amongst the better element, but the ma-

## Estray Animals

## A VERY IMPORTANT RULING

In acquitting Fred Sugg of a charge of horse stealing, which was preferred against him as a result of a unusual set of circumstances, his honor, Judge Jennison, last week, at Calgary, decided a point of great interest to farmers and ranchers, which counsel for the crown stated was not covered by any of the known authorities.

The judge decided that the accused was not guilty of theft because he had sold the colt of a mare which had strayed on his place and had been accidentally bred to his stallion, after he had kept the mare and duly advertised her as well as having written to man, who, he was advised, owned her.

The mare in question, it appeared from the evidence, had strayed on to accused's land, and he had kept her for between two and three years. His efforts to find the owner by writing and advertising proved unsuccessful, he set up the defence now that, having been to this expense he honestly thought that he was entitled to property right in the colt, and he sold the colt accordingly with this belief in his mind.

Defendant went on the stand and reiterated his belief that he had a right to the colt under the circumstances and the judge in discharging him stated that he could not see that he had intended to act dishonestly in the matter, but he advised the man that whenever he found a stray animal he should at once notify the police or some authority so as to restore it to the owner or have it taken off his hands as soon as possible.

Majority being of foreign birth seemed to take it in as true.

Reid offered evidence in his own behalf and tried to offer socialistic views to excuse his statement which he endeavored to twist around from the sworn statement from crown witnesses. He said he statements had been quoted from published, letters, books and papers, but on his lordship's asking for these he could not produce them. In giving evidence he endeavored to get around the questions, and this led the judge to deal all the more harshly with him.

The jury were only out a few minutes when they found the accused guilty.

## Chinook Breezes

The sun has started to rise earlier. Have you?

This month is expected to be the longest February we have had for four years.

The second car of coal at the siding here was commandeered by the village on Wednesday.

The strong westerly wind which sprang up on Wednesday threatened to cause another drifting snow blockade.

Sunday morning's passenger train from the East went through here on Tuesday evening, the snow blockade at Bentley having been lifted.

In looking through the minutes of the Chinook fire brigade meeting in next column, it will be noticed that a resolution was passed calling for a practice the first and third Tuesday in each month. If our timid citizens will remember this it may possibly save them much unnecessary alarm when they hear the fire bell calling for practice.

## Village Council

## SPECIAL MEETING

Minutes of special meeting held in J. R. Miller's store.

President: Rideout, Brownell and Maxwell.

The special business of the council was the very serious condition of the coal shortage in the village, which called for immediate action in order to avert a great calamity among the citizens and those living contiguous to Chinook.

After some discussion, it was decided to commandeer a car of coal that was on the Chinook sidetrack, but billed to another town.

Chairman Rideout wired to Railway Co. announcing the action that the Chinook council intended to take, as being one of urgent necessity, and pledging the council as being responsible for the payment of the same.

An order was given the Banner Hardware authorizing them to handle the said car of coal, and also to see to the collecting of the money for same to whom the coal was sold to.

Rideout Brownell That the last payment due to the Union Bank of Chinook, amounting to \$200.00 principal and \$1.70 interest, on an original loan of \$610.00 be paid.

Council adjourned.

## Chinook Breezes Caught in the Blizzard

## HAD A WORRYING TIME

J. M. Davis started out from Collingwood with a car load of cattle to be ready for shipment on the cattlemen's train on Monday to Winnipeg. He was caught in that snow blizzard on Sunday and he and his son experienced great difficulty in keeping the cattle from straying, and a greater difficulty in keeping themselves from freezing. Fortunately he was able to navigate as far as Ed. Russell's place, where the cattle have been being then unable to ship them on account of the blockade.

## Chinook Fire Brigade

## REORGANIZED

A public meeting of the citizens held on Jan. 26th, the fire brigade was reorganized and the following officers elected:

E. Venables, fire chief  
C. R. Brownell, assistant chief  
E. M. Stanley, 1st engineer  
C. Featherstone, 2nd engineer  
P. R. Dobson, 1st hoseman  
J. A. Maxwell, 2nd "  
R. Munger, 3rd "  
Messrs. Carpenter, Rideout, E. V. Key, laddermen  
Messrs. Peck and Hawkshaw jr., linemen

Messrs. Vennard, Chapman and Rosenberg, tankmen  
L. Tosh, fireman's hand extinguisher

Messrs. Bird, Peck and Hawkshaw jr., axemen

Stanley—Rideout, that fire chief get paper of firemen's names and notify each one of his duty

Venables—Rideout, that we firemen have practice on first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Maxwell—Venables, that Secretary draft out by-laws, to be approved by Council of Chinook, and also to have approval of the firemen.

Hawkshaw—Maxwell, that the Secretary write to get prices on electric bells for fire alarms for village of Chinook and report at next meeting.

Brownell—Featherstone, that firemen hold their annual ball on Feb. 9th, in Arm's hall  
Venables—Munger, that Messrs. Brownell, Maxwell, Featherstone and the Secretary be a committee to arrange for hall, and also for tickets to be printed and sold accordingly.

Meeting adjourned.

## Dollars Saved By Bovril

Bovril used in the Kitchen means dollars saved in the Bank.

It makes nourishing hot dishes out of cold food which would not otherwise be eaten. But see that you get the real thing. If it is not in the Bovril bottle it is not Bovril. And it must be Bovril.

S.H.B.



### A Low Death Rate Results in Large Profits

War claims less than 3% of surplus

## THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Head Office—Toronto

N.B.—Write for Memo Book and Circular.

## Leave Your Worries on the Train

When business or pleasure takes you to a large city, you are much concerned about convenience and comfort. You can enjoy both at the Walker House, "Toronto's Famous Hotel." The management have been made to make your trip a pleasant one. Everything that makes for comfort, safety and convenience is our policy. Convenience is a natural asset owing to the hotel's location in the heart of the city's business activities. Comfort is assured by a large and perfectly trained staff of employees. The hotel is equipped with the latest modern conveniences installed stands for safety. The rates are very reasonable. Give your baggage check to the Walker House porter. Rates—\$2.50 per day up, American Plan; \$1.00 per day, European Plan.

### THE WALKER HOUSE, TORONTO, CANADA

Geo. Wright & Mack Carroll, Proprietors  
(Both formerly Westerners)

### Stole a Telegraph Pole

A private in the 2nd Cameron Highlanders gives an amusing example of the conduct of our men at the front. He writes: "It was in the trenches in France, and the wood for keeping out the fire in the trench was running short, and the men didn't know what to do, when an idea occurred to one of the men. He went and asked the captain's permission to take down a telegraph pole from the back of our trench. The captain said he couldn't, but in a joke he said 'You can take down that one,' pointing to one in front of the German parapet. Little thinking the man would venture out. That same night, armed with a rifle and a saw, he went, and three of the boys went out and returned unharmed with the pole. We wondered what the Germans thought next morning when they saw the pole was gone."

## Knee Joint Stiff Three Years

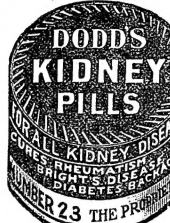
### CURED BY NERVILINE

Anyone who moved at my recovery, writes Mr. Leonard Latham, a young man well known about Chatham. I had inherited a rheumatic tendency through my mother's family, and in my early days suffered frightfully. About three years ago the pain and stiffness settled in my left knee joint. I was lame and wailed with a very distinct limp. Nerviline was brought to my notice and I rubbed it into the stiff joint four or five times a day. It dispelled every vestige of pain, reduced the swelling, took out the stiffness and gave me the full use of my limb again. I don't believe there is a pain-reducing remedy, not a single liniment that can compare with Nerviline. I hope every person with pains, with backache, with lameness, with rheumatism, with neuralgia—do hope they will try out Nerviline—I am convinced with quickly and permanently cure them. If Nerviline wasn't a wonderful painless remedy, if Nerviline didn't quickly relieve, if Nerviline wasn't known to be a grand cure for all rheumatic conditions, it wouldn't have been so largely used as a family remedy for the past forty years. No better, stronger, or more soothing liniment made. Get the large 50c family size bottle; small trial size 25c; sold by any dealer, anywhere.

### Has "Found Itself"

Whatever may have been the case in the distant past, when new emigrants from a hitherto isolated population, the United States had long since found itself. It is now a country exhibiting the largest level of patriotic devotion to American ideals and institutions. The day has long since gone when German agents could hope to achieve any considerable success in such an atmosphere. For this reason the present revelations are all the more significant, especially if studied in association with the movement which has been inaugurated in Mexico by Prince Henry of Prussia's "friend," with a view to embarrassing President Wilson's administration. In a sense all this is none of our business, but it interests us in that it furnishes further evidence of the world-wide and secret ramifications of Prussian militarism. (London Daily Telegraph)

One of the faculty of a New England college tells of a freshman who was asked by one of the professors whether he had proved a certain proposition in Euclid. "Well, sir," said the freshman, "I have." "Proved?" is a rather strong word—but I will say that he has rendered it highly probable.



W. N. U. 1088

## Work of the Boy Scouts

Splendid Service Being Rendered in Assisting Wounded Soldiers and Other Good Work

To the officers and members of the Boy Scouts' association throughout Canada:

An appeal was made early in the war from both the British and Canadian headquarters of the Boy Scouts association for the performance of any services which the officers and membership of this organization could usefully render in aid of the war cause. The ready general response thereto has shown that in war as in peace the association is trying to live up to its principles with resultant benefit to the boys themselves and to the community at large.

To the Boy Scouts throughout Canada I am charged to convey this year-end message from His Royal Highness the Chief Scout:

"Thank you Boy Scouts each and all for all that you have done and are doing. The inspiration of your youth full example means far more to many of us seniors than you yourselves know."

During the past year there has not been a spot in the whole Dominion in which the Scouts have not had some opportunity of service related to the war. The opportunities for boyish good turns in aid of the many worthy appeals connected with the war have, indeed, increased with the progress of events and are likely to still further increase with the continuance of hostilities, the raising of larger forces, the extension of the battle front, and the return of so many invalided soldiers from the scene of conflict.

When the invalided men began to arrive at Quebec last summer the Boy Scouts of that city, 140 strong, volunteered, on their own initiative, in a body, for any active service they could perform, and soon made themselves so useful that they were cordially welcomed by all the authorities. The Scouts were organized into a unit, and were given the honor of writing Colonel William Wood, "was waiting for a draft to land (heirped) daylight this morning. The boys got aboard the ship and helped the crippled men in every way they can. Some go by day to the Invalids' Club, to see what is wanted—shopping for men who don't go out, sending others about their errands. The Scouts are also the Overseas club, which is for invalids only." Here is a very vivid picture of the work of the Scouts at the winter ports of debarkation and not only at these ports, but also wherever Canadian soldiers are arriving, about, or in any need of help. The ways and means of helping can perhaps best be left to local thought and action.

In some parts of the Dominion the school children are already making scrap books of pictures, short stories and other reading matter, which would be likely to interest the soldier's overseas. Advice from the front is to the effect that it is well nigh impossible to find the demand for reading matter in the camps and hospitals. Perhaps this is a want which some Boy Scouts would like to help in meeting. The local branches of the Red Cross Society in Canada will welcome reading matter of this character intended for the sick and wounded soldiers and will also give free transportation to scrap books for Canadian soldiers in the training camps overseas, provided the same are so packed and packed in separate cases.

The suggestion is made that letters of cheer and encouragement from Boy Scouts in Canada to sick and wounded soldiers whose names appear in the published lists of casualties among our fighting forces would be both heartening and helpful. If this were to be done each local branch might assist in remembering the lads from its own midst who shall survive until the country lists are finally closed and the blood-bought treasures of liberty and justice for which the allied armies are now so valiantly contending have been saved from those who sought their destruction.

In conclusion, on behalf of His Royal Highness, the Chief Scout, and the Canadian General Council of the Boy Scouts Association, I am to extend their congratulations to all ranks on the results accomplished during 1918 and their hope for even better things in the year to come. By direction, Gerald H. Brown, honorary Dominion secretary.

Pills That Have Benefited Thousands.—Known far and near as a sure remedy in the treatment of indigestion and all derangements of the stomach, liver and kidneys, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have brought relief to thousands when other specifics have failed. Indigestion, constipation can be produced to establish the truth of this assertion. Once tried they will be found superior to all other pills in the treatment of the ailments for which they are prescribed.

Major George W. Teideman of Savannah, Georgia, tells the following about the old time Georgia editor who was usually marred, justice of the peace, and real estate agent.

Upon one occasion one of these editors was busy writing an editorial on the tariff when a Georgia gambler came in to be married. Without looking up, the editor, once slacking his pen, the editor said:

"Time's money. Want her?"

"Yes," said the youth.

"Want him?" the editor asked toward the girl.

"Yes," she replied.

"Man and wife," pronounced the editor, his pen still writing rapidly. "One dollar. Bring a loaf of wedding cake."

There has been issued at Ottawa a new edition of Bulletin No. 13 of the Live Stock Branch, "Re-Raising in Canada." It is available on application to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture. Upwards of one hundred illustrations conveying valuable information are given. Among the contributors are many of the best informed and most experienced beef raisers and experimenters in Canada.

A section is devoted to descriptive accounts of the various breeds of beef cattle raised in this country, while practical information on breeding, rearing, housing and marketing is also contained.

## German Soldiers Depressed

Huns Now Realize That They Are Engaged in a Hopeless Struggle

In the Ypres district, the German soldier is in a state of deep depression. There are many signs. Little bodies of deserters have become much more frequent. The saying in civilian Germany that "no one comes back from Ypres" reverberates in the ranks, and even the half-humorous remarks shouted from the trenches indicate a state of despondency. The weather and fearful state of some of the trenches are in part the cause of this, but the real reason is the supply of artillery and munitions.

The German is now obviously beginning to feel that the balance has changed and his inferiority is likely to be permanent. It is not well to over-muse, on the other hand, on the confessions of deserters, or even on the absence of offensive movements.

But it remains that a wave of deep depression is over many Germans in the trenches of one wide and important district, and our men were never more cheerful, in spite of snow and slush and the blizzards and blizzards and frequent landings.

Muscular Rheumatism Subdued—When one is a sufferer from muscular rheumatism he cannot do better than to have the rheumatism rubbed with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. There is no oil that so speedily shows effect in subduing pain. Let the rubbing be brisk and continue until ease is secured. There is more virtue in a bottle of it than can be fully estimated.

## Boys Need Room

Why boys leave the farm is a problem that blooms perennially. The answers are almost as various as the boys are numerous, but it is seldom that anyone gets down to figures. There are figures—convincing ones—that give a very satisfactory explanation. It is not the lure of the city so much as it is the lure of success. Boys go where opportunity beckons. If they have the right stuff in them, they are almost sure to find it.

An investigation—made a new one—covering 674 farms in Jefferson county, New York, showed that on the smallest farms seventy-nine per cent. of the boys had left home. On the medium farms sixty-eight per cent. had left. Some of them doubtless went because there were other activities that appealed to them more than farming, but many of them, we venture to say, with regret.

Many boys have a real deep rooted liking for the farm with its variety of problems, its live stock and its independence. But they need room.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Dobbs—A friend of mine who makes moving pictures bumped up against the first failure last week.

Dobbs—How was that?

Dubbs—He tried to make a moving picture of two old men playing a game of chess in a village store.



## Women everywhere

are praising this great food cure, because it lifts them out of this terrible nervous, irritable condition, and by its reconstructive influence enables the bodily organs to properly perform their natural functions.

Get a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

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Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food



Little Miss MAIDEN CANADA

Brimful of sustenance—PURE.

When a factory recently was built in Maryland the ventilation system pipes were placed inside the reinforced concrete supporting columns.

Oswald—My love for you is like the deep blue sea.

Charles—And I take it with the corresponding amount of salt.

Friend—'At today's hardy knows me.

First Recruit—What do you think of the Major, Bill?

Second Recruit—He's a changeable kind of bloke. Last night I saw to go to the front line and see the 'Friend' 'At today's hardy knows me.

Worry Upsets the Nerves

For more women than men suffer from nervous disorders. And little wonder, when you come to think of the thousand causes of worry and anxiety which come daily to the woman in the home.

Particularly to those who are nervously energetic the many demands of society, the numberless details of home life, and the exacting attention required by the children, sooner or later wear on the nervous system.

You begin to worry, and worry upsets the nerves. The more irritable the nerves become the more you worry. And thus is formed a vicious circle, and there is no end to your troubles. Since the nervous system holds in control all the functions of the body there soon arises a thousand little ills to make life a burden.

Nervous headaches, spells of indigestion, irritable temper and attacks of the blues tend to make you feel miserable. You cannot rest by day or sleep at night, and what reserve force you have rapidly disappears.

It may not be convenient for you to get away for a change and a rest, but there is within your reach Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and there never was found a more restorative which could be compared to it.

Use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food regularly and you will soon be able to take a cheerful view of life, enjoy your daily work and forget to worry. For with good health comes new energy and strength, new hope and courage, happiness and success.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

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## MILLIONS OF ACRES OF OUR GOOD AGRICULTURAL LANDS ARE DEAD

ONLY A FRACTION OF TILLABLE LAND CULTIVATED

Three Hundred and Twenty-Five Millions of Acres of Land Suitable for Agriculture in Canada, and There are Only Fifty-Four Million Acres Under Cultivation

For fifteen years before the war came in 1914 to disorganize the civilized world, Canada had been going through an era of prosperity and development which had been equalled only once and never surpassed in the history of the settlement of new countries. In the ten or fifteen years immediately preceding the construction of the Canadian Pacific, the middle west and the Pacific slope in the United States filled up and then filled with little more and finally. That record, up to then unequalled was seriously challenged by this country a quarter of a century later. For years we saw the packed lines swinging into their docks in an unending line and great trains being by the scores and hundreds carrying new Canadians to new Canadian homes.

To control and direct this new stream we were forced to create and use much machinery and machinery did it work the tens of thousands of acres of rich wheat lands of Western Canada, only yielding a few bushels, the well-built, prosperous towns in what were only a decade ago desert places, were almost empty.

Then came the great upheaval, the dawn of chaos over a horror stricken world and the dawning up for the time being, of the stream of new life and new blood from across the ocean to our land.

These years of rapid settlement were marvellous, but after all, how small a part of our country has even yet under tribute to the basic industry of Canada, agriculture. Figures are often said enough, but in this case they are graphic. Those given here are necessarily only approximate and given in round numbers, but they are the latest available, based on the last census and form a reliable source, says the Montreal Star. To take our own province, Quebec, we are estimated to have 10,000,000 acres of land suitable for agriculture. After a century and a half only 10,000,000 acres of it are cultivated, or one-fifth of the total. The Maritime provinces have 10,000,000 acres of land suitable for agriculture and 11,000,000 acres of it is under cultivation. Ontario has 30,000,000 acres of land suitable for agriculture and 23,000,000 of it is cultivated. Manitoba has 40,000,000 acres of land suitable for agriculture and 14,000,000 of it is cultivated. Saskatchewan has 60,000,000 acres of land suitable for agriculture and 14,000,000 of it is cultivated. Alberta has 40,000,000 acres of land suitable for agriculture and 14,000,000 of it is cultivated. This is the opportunity, golden in more senses than one. Shall we grasp it, or shall we fail?

### Blind Kell Censored News Dead Muted Out by Wireless

Miss Helen Keller Says Censors Can't Read Braille Short-hand

Miss Helen Keller and other blind persons in the United States are obtaining increasing attention as the capitals of belligerent nations. These newspapers are published for the blind in London, Paris, Rome, Vienna, according to Miss Keller. They are not censored, she says, because they are not read by the blind. A point type used for the blind, which the censors are unable to read.

Through the medium of these journals in the Braille system of writing is probably the best method of communication on Germany's lack of food has reached this country. For the first time it is not the starving man, woman and child in Germany is living on slender rations, doled out by weight, determined by the conference of chemists, scientists and physicians in Berlin.

The Journal which brings the information is the New Zeit, or the New Time, a Socialist publication for the blind, issued in Berlin.

"These uncensored news conditions in the warring countries tell me the true sentiment among the working people and the honest conditions that surround them," said Miss Keller. "The censors are almost at the breaking point."

Miss Keller made this explanation concerning the war disclosed in a speech also made recently on the pacifist.

### Crescens now Figures in War

Famous Trotting Horse Sold to Russians Said to Have Been Sent to the Front

Reports that have reached George Ketchum, Toledo, former owner, trainer and driver of the famous trotting horse, Crescens, 2:23 1/4, state that the former great trotting stallion is being used for war service in Russia. Crescens was the talk of the horse world for several seasons because of his terrific speed and wonderful gameness made him a horse admired by the entire horse fraternity, and an entire nation became a fan of his old world in every family where the light harness sports was the favorite pastime.

But fate is fleeting. Even when the horse reached a fairly old age he was wanted badly by the Russian government, and George Ketchum parted with him for a consideration said to be \$50,000. Crescens it is said, did not please the Russians as well as they expected, and therefore it is not surprising to hear that the great horse has been sent to the front.

The Queen of Norway, King George's sister, is the most economically affixed Queen in Europe. She spends \$100,000 on her household. The Queen of Spain is the most extravagantly dressed Queen. Her dress bills run to about \$15,000 a year.

## Doing Splendid Work For Returned Troops

The Work of the Canadian Patriotic Fund and the Soldiers' Commission

The establishment of the Soldiers' Aid Commission for Ontario, of which the secretary is Mr. C. N. Cullen, parliament buildings, Toronto, is the first result of the report recently issued by the hospital commission, and the forerunner of others. The cure of the soldier who has returned to Canada, mutilated or weakened as a result of active service, is the prime duty of Canadians. For some months the Canadian Patriotic Fund has been endeavoring to ensure that the men already back from Europe should suffer no want. This work has been very largely undertaken by local committees of the fund, although in most instances their time is fully occupied with the task of making provision for the families of soldiers.

Each soldier is interviewed at Quebec by a representative of the fund, and a confidential report sent by the latter to the patriotic committee of the town to which the soldier has been assigned. This serves the two-fold purpose of protecting the fund against the possibility of fraud, and of recommending the local committee information that is helpful in finding employment for the soldier. Not every man, however, returns to Canada wearing his majestic uniform is included in the latter category, but a great many do, and their duty in the fullest degree. To the latter it has been the privilege of the fund to provide uniforms, bearing the words, "For service at the front." The men who are wearing these badges are the worst off, and it is our duty to acknowledge. Like charity, that badge should be allowed to cover a multitude of sins.

The work that the Canadian Patriotic Fund can do for returned soldiers, however, is limited by Act of Parliament, and it has been specifically enacted that no assistance can be given by the fund to any person who is in receipt of any gratuity, pension or allowance paid by his majesty or by any foreign government in consequence of incapacity or death occurring or largely because the pension or gratuity is paid to incapacitated men are often-times admittedly inadequate. It has been necessary to establish a hospital commission and a disability fund. The officials of the latter, in their report to the federal government, recommended that among other measures, that provincial commissions be formed for the purpose of supplementing these pension efforts by monetary grants or by training in various trades.

The Soldiers' Aid Commission of Ontario, as we have said above, is the first step in this direction. Already it has announced its intention of mobilizing the manufacturers of Ontario and we do not doubt that the province will be the first to respond to the call. The manufacturers of Ontario will be asked to lend their aid in providing a great national duty and there is every prospect that in Canada at least the traditional tragedy of the returned soldier will have no place.

### Decides on Regiment of Indians

Enthusiasm prevails on the Indian reserves over the decision of General Hughes to allow the formation of a battalion of Indians for overseas service. Although there are many Indians in the contingents that have gone, the policy generally has been to discourage enlistment. All over the Dominion, loyal Indians have offered their service and have been refused. That there will not be the slightest difficulty in raising a full regiment, and there might be a second.

### England is Proud of Australia

The English public take much pride in the manner in which Australia has learned of the withdrawal from Gallipoli. This attitude is summed up by an Australian newspaper as fully portrayed by the words of Lincoln's Gettysburg speech: "We might regret that these deeds should not have died in vain, that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom."

"When the time comes it must be inevitable that the civil population of the world will turn up their hands in amazement at the idea of a man that all these things are true—now, and undeniably true—indicate to me the safety of forewarning and the less future. It is even now within the bounds of scientific possibility that a vessel of the size of the ocean liner, a city in the Mississippi valley. Here is a starting fact, not generally understood, which will come to pass. Development along this line may be expected very soon.

"Aeroplane may be called on to build which will prove to be great destinations without pilots, with an accuracy unaffected by air currents or other outside influence. When the mechanically designated distance has been covered the tripping of an automatic lever will send the machine to its destination with immense speed or will release a wave-explosive missile it may be armed with.

"At the present moment such devices, with an accuracy of within six hundred feet in landing after a fifty-mile flight, are in existence. At present the management of an aeroplane demands the skill of experts. In the future, not far distant, little more skill will be required than that called for today in the driving of a taxicab.

"Already the Sperry stabilizer project, which controls an aeroplane, maintaining its stability and the direction of its flight without any care whatever from the operator. He might go to sleep in flight without endangering his progress, or walk out on one of his machine's wings without upsetting it.

### Life Insurance Figures

It is estimated that about one person in four of the entire population of the United States and Canada carries life insurance. Many carry more than one policy so that the total number of policies increase in number and in amount much more rapidly than does the population. The total two and a half million policies are added each year, and the increase in amount would double the total in less than ten years. The security of this vast business is in the assets of the companies concerned, which are worth no less than five and a quarter billions of dollars. This is a triumph of modern life.

Photo by American Press Association.

Dummy French Cannon on Which German Aviators Drop Bombs.

## Canadian Patriotic Fund

His Royal Highness the Governor General of Canada Issues Appeal

Somewhat over a year ago, as president of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, I made an appeal to the people of the Dominion for funds to assist in the efforts of the gallant men who were going to the front. Though anticipating the response I was hardly prepared for the magnificent manner in which the call was met. Monies have poured into the treasury of the fund until the total contributions have reached and exceeded six million dollars.

Large, however, as this sum appears, it has not greatly exceeded current demands and, if more were declared in the immediate future, the entire surplus on hand would be required before all the men of the Expeditionary Force could again return home.

Today there are 25,000 families comprising, it is estimated, 80,000 individuals dependent upon the Patriotic Fund.

With further recruiting the demands upon the fund will, with each succeeding day, grow more and more. It is estimated that, should the war continue during 1918, a sum of \$1,000,000 would be required, and probably more will be required. This would, however, only mean a few pennies in each and every case. I still feel assured that the warm hearts of all Canadians will respond to this further appeal to enable the Patriotic Fund to continue its splendid work during 1918 and take care of the families of those who are fighting for their empire, the empire and the Dominion on the battlefields of Europe and on the high seas.

(Signed) ARTHUR, President Canadian Patriotic Fund, Government House, Ottawa, 1st January, 1918.

## Britain a Distributor

Increase in Outshipments Due to Certain Export Pacts Being Closed

The increase in exports of tobacco, resin and petroleum from Britain has been much commented upon by considerable criticism on the ground that the government, while stopping neutral shipments, is permitting its own shippers to increase their exports. Official critics, while not denying the accuracy of the figures, declare the condition due to a change in ports of distribution instead of any favoritism on the part of the British blockade.

French resin in normal times, it is pointed out, reached the continent generally through Hamburg and Antwerp, and with both these ports closed Britain has become a transshipment place. Besides shipping enormous quantities of tobacco to the continent, the British government has handled by continental ports. American oil companies have handled enormous quantities of petroleum into Britain, where it is stored preparatory for shipment to the continent when it is wanted there. Great Britain also serves as a storehouse for much petroleum purchased for the use of allied governments, for whom she acts as a distributor.

## Allies Can End War in a Year

If England should put forth supreme effort in the coming year, and Germany would be brought to the pass of urgently seeking terms, peace will before the end of 1918—American Review of Reviews.

Italy exports from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 worth of human hair annually.

## STRIKING TRIBUTE TO VALOR AND ORGANIZATION OF FRENCH ARMY

FRENCH FORCES ARE A MARVEL OF EFFICIENCY

Famous War Correspondent Tells of Actual Experiences in the Field, and Says that the French Army has Every Detail of Fighting Arranged with the Utmost Care

It is a splendid tribute which E. Alexander Powell, the famous war correspondent, pays to the valor and efficiency of the French armies in the field.

"We have heard a lot," he said in an interview, "of the efficiency and organization of the French army. In my opinion, the French are now equally efficient. That is a subject on which I think I am competent to speak, for I watched the French army from the front. I have seen it from the Marne to Champagne, which I left but recently. In some respects, I think the French army is superior. The Germans have efficiency but the French have efficiency plus the human element, and that counts for a great deal. If a French battalion loses its commanding officer, it is not disorganized. Every man knows his work, and, if necessary, is able to act independently. This is the quality which the Germans do not possess."

Speaking of the German bombardment and the use of gas, Mr. Powell related how the Tenth was swept over what was apparently an empty German position. The first word of the German approach," he said, "the people fled to the cellars. When the Germans came marching through the streets, there was not a soul to be seen. I believe that my photograph and I, standing on the balcony of the American consulate, were the only spectators. I suppose the Germans expected to find a great demonstration. One would have thought that the principal streets would have been crowded with soldiers. There was no one. Every window was boarded up. Every doorway was closed. There was not a piece of furniture in the main street, and that was their reception in Antwerp. I think my photograph and I were the only people who were not taken to a day before it was expected."

"I spoke a moment ago," Mr. Powell continued, "of the efficiency of the French army. I do not wish to be misunderstood in my remarks about the German army. The French seem to be an impression here that the Germans now in the field are not the same as the Germans of a few years ago. That is not the case. The Germans have a very different army today. A few weeks ago, I saw 250,000 German prisoners taken in the Champagne. I talked with a score of them. While I saw old men and boys of between eighteen and nineteen years of age, they were men of between twenty and forty. In the pink of health, they were well equipped with arms, and they were very first class fighting men. The German army is still a very efficient and very formidable. It is no use hiding that fact."

"The efficiency of the French army, however, was particularly striking instances brought to your attention. 'Well, take for instance, the organization of the scene painters. I saw a number of scene painters around in France that the scene painters from the theatres had been mobilized for the purpose of painting the most strange things in the war zone. But I found afterwards that the mobilization was an actual fact, and had been so for some time."

"The British forces in France now number 1,000,000 men," Mr. Powell stated. "The remarkable thing about it is that, in all this transportation, the British army has been lost. It has been anything like before and it is the most remarkable of the war."

## Peace and Immigration A Modest Commander

Immigration From Europe Will Need Careful Control When Peace is Declared

In the annual report of the department of immigration, J. Obed Smith, assistant commissioner, who is stationed in London, states that Canadian agents in Europe have not encouraged the class of labor to seek engagements in Canada for some months past. He states, however, that the class of labor emigrating from Europe will need full and exhaustive consideration before and when hostilities end, and many conditions will have changed. Canada will have to meet from Australia and New Zealand the same competition in the general emigration field when peace is concluded as she has in the past, and even at present active competition prevails, he states.

In Mr. Smith's report also appears a statement to the effect that the two exhibition motor cars at the London office have been loaned to the British army for military purposes, and that the Paris office formerly used for emigration purposes have been so damaged by aerial bombardment that they have been closed and the balance of the staff temporarily placed under control of the general commissioner for Canada in that city.

## Government Workers Will Go

Government employees left for service are to have the opportunity of going to the front. The government is gathering the names of eligible Canadian women, capable stenographers and typewriters, who are not able to take the places of men in the military department who are fit for military service. Ministers of the crown at the head of other departments will follow the lead, and the available fighting force will be the result.

A Zeppelin is a costly proposition, and \$200,000 is required to build such a military weapon and equip it for destructive purposes. The expenses connected with these airships do not end here. Great sheds must be erected, and great quantities of foodstuffs stored, so that the Zeppelin may have its daily feed of hydrogen.

Can flowers will keep fresh many days if their stems be inserted in a mixture of charcoal and sand.

Canada's Shell Industry Permanent Steps to Insure the permanency of the extensive shell industry developed by the war are being taken. During his stay in Canada, Lionel Hitchins recommended that such action be instituted, and it was agreed that the question has been referred to the Economic and Development Commission, which does not end here. Great sheds must be erected, and great quantities of foodstuffs stored, so that the Zeppelin may have its daily feed of hydrogen.

The employees are estimated at about 10,000. Subsidized industries in refining copper and zinc have been organized.

Whole Fleet Cheered the Hero on

Remarkable scenes were witnessed on the London Stock Exchange when Lieut. Commander Bruce, of the submarine U-20, was introduced to the members.

A member led these present that the "dons nothing" to which Lieut. Commander Bruce, of the submarine U-20, was introduced to the members.

When Lieut. Commander Bruce returned from the front, he was welcomed to the London Stock Exchange by the members of the exchange, who were gathered to the London Stock Exchange by the members of the exchange, who were gathered to the London Stock Exchange by the members of the exchange.

## We are Paying HALF CASH for Wheat

## Brigginshaw's

### CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$1.04
" No. 2	1.01
" No. 3	.96
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	.33
Barley	.46
Flax	1.80
Corn	
Live Hogs	8.10
Eggs	.40
Butter	.30

### Miss Florence L. White

Certificated at Trinity College,  
London, England  
Will be in Chinook every Tuesday to  
give Lessons in

Piano, Organ, Violin, Mandolin,  
Santo and Singing

Open for Engagements as Pianist at  
Concerts and Dances.

For terms and further particulars  
apply to Miss White, c/o of Mrs.  
J. A. Waterhouse, Cereal.

### CHURCH SERVICE

Sunday services in the  
Church every Sunday evening, at  
7.00. Sunday School at 11 a.m.  
Rev. C. Eason, minister in charge  
R. C. CHURCH: Rev. Fr. W. R.  
Dargen will say mass the first  
Friday in each month in I.O.O.F.  
hall, at 9 o'clock a.m.

### Hogs and Poultry Wanted

Highest Prices Paid.  
W. RIJNER, Chinook



## Recruits Wanted!

### CAPT. C. W. RIDEOUT

of Chinook has been given a Commission in the 175th O. S.  
Batt. of Medicine Hat, and will have charge of Recruiting in  
Acadia District. He leaves for Medicine Hat on Sunday  
morning to get full instructions, returning on Wednesday,  
February 9th.

All men wishing to enlist will be given free transportation  
from point of enlistment to Medicine Hat.

Anyone having crops to put in in the Spring will be  
allowed to return on furlough for such work.

Will be in in Chinook from Wednesday, 9th, to Saturday,  
12th. After that date, recruits can apply to M. J. Hewitt, J.P.  
and will be duly sworn in. Other dates will be given later.

God Save the King

### ASK RULING

#### To Stay All Sales Under Mortgages

An appeal of great interest to  
mortgagors and mortgagees will  
come before the court of appeal  
in this province shortly in an ap-  
plication for a stay of all sales of  
property under mortgage default  
proceedings, on Monday morning  
at Calgary, in chambers a stay of  
sale was granted to Clifford Jones,  
K. C., acting on behalf of M. E.  
Madson and E. J. Taylor,  
against whom an order had been  
made and the sale advertised.

The sale was stayed by Mr.  
Justice Walsh because it is de-  
sired by defendants to appeal  
against the order granting it in  
the first place.

It is understood that practi-  
cally no orders for sale are being  
allowed in Edmonton by the  
master in chambers there, and  
the above named gentlemen in-  
tend to ask the court en banc for  
a ruling as to whether sales  
should be allowed anywhere in  
the present financial conditions.

### CHINOOK LITERARY

#### PROGRAMME FOR FRIDAY, FEB. 11

Instrumental Music, Messrs.  
Stanley and Maxwell  
Press Report, Mr. Leslie Tosh  
Solo, Mrs. R. Wheelan  
Recitation, Mrs. John Maxwell  
Solo, Mr. Rosenberg  
Recitation, Mr. F. E. McFee  
A Dialogue, The Interviewer  
Revs. Eason and Simpson  
Instrumental Music, The Messrs.  
Sanders  
Solo, Mrs. F. Lake  
An Address, The Good Time Coming  
Rev. David Simpson  
Solo, Mrs. John Maxwell  
Duett, The Misses Cecilia and  
Annie Peyton

#### THE GREAT WATER-MELON CASE

Judge Curlywig, Lawyers Goose-  
quill and Chanticleer, Deacon  
Seed, Jerusha Seed, Obadiah  
Root, Sally Muggins, and Hans  
Auben-Blanchen

Other numbers may be added  
God Save the King  
Everybody welcome. Admission  
10 cents

Families 25 cents  
These meetings must start earlier  
Should begin at 8 sharp. Those  
taking take in, the programme are  
requested to be on hand before 8.

The regular Feb. meeting of  
the Chinook Womens Institute  
will be held at the home of Mrs.  
Peck at 2.30 p.m. sharp, Saturday  
Feb. 5th. Everybody come.

Mr. R. N. Bray of Calgary will  
take Mr. C. W. Rideout's posi-  
tion at Mr. J. R. Miller's store  
and will occupy Mr. Rideout's  
house.

### Quarter Section FOR SALE

Half-mile West of Chinook

Over 50 Acres to be sown  
TERMS—CASH  
Say Quick, or you may lose it  
J. P. GUILD

## CHINOOK PHARMACY

### Have You Got the Grippe? or is it Coming On, Which?

In either case, try our

#### Cascara Bromide Quinine Tablets

Cures a Cold in a few hours. In boxes 25 cents

#### Adams' Broncho Balsam

Is an instant remedy for that unpleasant tickling in  
throat at night. A soothing emollient and balsamic  
compound which invariably gives prompt relief to  
cough, colds, croup hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis,  
influenza, and all diseases affecting the throat and  
lungs

In Bottles 50 cents

#### Agents for Victrola Gramophone

### CHINOOK PHARMACY

Qualified Druggist

ARM'S BLOCK, CHINOOK

(South of Brigginshaw's Store)

## Western Canada Flour Mills Co.

CHINOOK, - - ALTA.

We have in stock at the Elevator

Purity Flour  
Gold Seal Flour

#### Cereals of all kinds

Purity Oats in 20 and 40 lb sacks  
Family Size Rolled Oats  
Rye Flour, 49 lb sacks and 10 lb sacks  
Standard Oatmeal, 10 lb sacks  
Yellow Cornmeal, 10 lb sacks  
Graham Flour, Whole Wheat Flour, Bran, Shorts.  
All at lowest possible prices  
(Both Wholesale and Retail)

I. DEMAN, Manager

Keep your eye on Brigginshaw's Ad.  
as he is handling our goods

## Auction Sale

AT CHINOOK

SATURDAY, FEB. 12th,

(weather permitting)

One car load of choice

## BROOD MARES

all broke to harness

Sale starts prompt at ONE o'clock, at

Milligan's Livery, Feed & Sale Stable

TERMS CASH

J. E. TURNER, E. S. JOHNSON,

Owner Auctioneer  
LORNE PROUDFOOT, Clerk

# 1915, WITH WAR IN EUROPE, GREAT YEAR FOR HISTORIANS

## THE WAR IN EUROPE.

Jan. 1.—British battleship Formidable sunk by submarine or a mine; over 600 drowned.

Jan. 22.—Allies captured La Bassée, in France.

Jan. 24.—In naval attack on the English coast the German cruiser Bluecher was sunk, with about 750 of her crew. British cruiser Lion disabled.

Feb. 3.—British cruiser Clan MacNaughton, with crew of 250 men, lost off British coast.

Feb. 3.—Turks, estimated at 12,000, attacked British along Suez canal.

Feb. 4.—German admiralty established war zones in the English channel and after Feb. 15.

Feb. 24.—Germans captured Przemyśl, Poland.

Feb. 24.—Allied fleet bombarded Turkish forts guarding the Dardanelles strait.

March 1.—England announced her intention to stop all ships to and from the seaports of Germany.

March 14.—German cruiser Dresden sunk in battle with a British fleet near San Juan Fernandez Island, off Chile.

March 15.—Great Britain issued an order in council cutting off all outside trade with Germany and refused to enter into an agreement with Germany to modify the war zone blockade.

March 18.—British battleships Irresistible and Ocean and French battleship Bouvet sunk in the Dardanelles.

March 22.—The Austrian fortress of Przemyśl, in Galicia, surrendered to the Russian army after a prolonged defense.

April 5.—British battleship Lord Nelson destroyed by Turks in Dardanelles strait.

April 26.—French steamer Leon Gambetta torpedoed by an Austrian submarine; 500 drowned.

May 7.—The Lusitania was torpedoed and sunk off Kinsale, Munster coast, Ireland. There were 2,104 persons on board of whom 1,190, including about 100 Americans, were lost.

May 7.—British battleship Goliath torpedoed in the Dardanelles with a loss of 500 lives.

May 24.—The king of Italy declared war on Austria-Hungary, having previously denounced the treaty of alliance with the Teutonic powers.

May 25.—British battleship Triumph torpedoed in the Dardanelles.

May 28.—British battleship Majestic torpedoed in the Dardanelles.

June 3.—Germans recaptured Przemyśl, Galicia, which the Russians had occupied March 22.

June 23.—Lemberg, Galicia, recaptured by Austrians.

July 20.—Italian cruiser Giuseppe Garibaldi sunk by an Austrian submarine.

Aug. 5.—Germans captured Warsaw, the capital of Poland, after a campaign of eight months.

Aug. 14.—British transport Royal Edward sunk in the Aegean sea, with a loss of nearly 1,000 soldiers and sailors.

Aug. 19.—A German submarine torpedoed the White Star liner Arabic off Cape Clear, Ireland; twenty-nine Americans were among the passengers.

Aug. 19.—Novo Georgievsk, second greatest Russian fortress in Poland, was captured by Germans.

Aug. 25.—Fortress of Brest-Litovsk fell before assaults of the German armies.

Sept. 25.—Great drive of the allies from the French seacoast to Verdun. Heavy capture of guns reported and 20,000 unaccounted prisoners. German front broken five miles in length at La Bassée and Souchez, France, and twenty-five miles in Champagne.

Oct. 11.—Bulgaria entered the war on Teuton side.

Oct. 12.—Edith Cavell, English nurse, shot in Brussels by Germans as a spy.

Oct. 25.—German cruiser Prinz Adalbert sunk by British submarine; crew of 557 nearly all lost.

Nov. 7.—Nish, Serbia, captured by Bulgarians. Italian liner Ancona sunk by an Austrian submarine in the Mediterranean; 285 lives lost, including eleven Americans.

Dec. 2.—Germans and Austrian forces captured Monastir, Serbia.

## PART IN THE WAR.

Feb. 11.—President Wilson sent notes to Great Britain and Germany defining position regarding the war zone and protesting to England about the misuse of the American flag.

March 3.—Congress passed resolution prohibiting the belligerent interests in this country provisioning their warships from our ports.

March 30.—United States protested against the British order in council, which prohibited neutral trade with Germany.

April 7.—German cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich interned at Newport News, Va.

April 11.—German cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm interned at Newport News.

April 21.—President Wilson notified Germany that this government would not stop the export.

May 13.—President Wilson sent protest to Germany against submarine warfare. This was the first Lusitania note.

June 10.—Second Lusitania note sent to Berlin.

June 24.—England notified United States that her blockade of German ports would continue.

July 8.—Germany, in note to United States, promised to safeguard Americans sailing under stars and stripes.

July 24.—Third Lusitania note sent, refusing to compromise with Germany and declaring that further encroachments would be considered "deliberately unfriendly."

Aug. 2.—Germany sent William P. Fire case to prize court.

Aug. 4.—England in three notes upheld her blockade of German ports.

Aug. 10.—United States announced to put embargo on export of munitions.

Aug. 21.—Great Britain declared cotton contraband.

Sept. 9.—The United States requested Austria to recall Ambassador Konstantin Dumba for his part in fomenting trouble in this country.

Oct. 6.—Germany in note disavowed



1.—Lord Kitchener. 2.—King Victor Emmanuel of Italy. 3.—General Joffre. 4.—Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria. 5.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. 6.—President Wilson. 7.—Edith Cavell. 8.—General von Mackensen. 9.—General von Hindenburg. 10.—William J. Bryan. 11.—Robert Lansing. 12.—A. G. Vanderbilt, who died on the Lusitania. 13.—The Lusitania. 14.—German submarines in Kiel harbor. 15.—Harry Thaw. 16.—Steamship Eastland, overturned in Chicago river. 17.—C. C. Moore, president of San Francisco exposition. 18.—Leo Frank. 19.—Charles Becker. 20.—Vilhjalmur Stefansson. 21.—Jess Willard. 22.—Bill Carrigan, manager of Boston Red Sox, world's champions. 23.—Lincoln Beachey. 24.—W. M. Johnston, tennis champion. 25.—Slide in Gaillard cut, Panama canal. 26.—Victoriano Huerta. 27.—J. P. Morgan. 28.—Mrs. James M. Thomson, nee Genevieve Clark. 29.—Dr. Konstantin Dumba.

sinking of the Arabic and agreed to any indemnity for loss of American lives and gave assurances that no more liners would be sunk without warning.

Oct. 3.—Ambassador Dumba called.

Dec. 2.—United States requested Germany to recall Roy-Rod and Von Papen, attaches of embassy at Washington.

Dec. 11.—Note sent to Austria-Hungary demanding disavowal of and reparation for Ancona sinking.

## THE YEAR'S DEATH LIST.

Jan. 2.—J. M. Wright, civil war veteran and military analyst in Washington.

Jan. 10.—Marshall P. Wilder, humorist and author, at St. Paul, aged fifty-five.

Jan. 12.—Mrs. John Wood, once noted actress on English-American stage, in England, aged eighty-two.

Jan. 17.—General A. M. Stoenes, noted in the defense of Port Arthur in 1904-5, in Petrograd, aged sixty-seven.

Feb. 12.—Penny Crosby, blind hymn writer, in Bridgeport, Conn.

Feb. 12.—James Creelman, war correspondent, in Berlin, aged fifty-three.

Feb. 13.—Frank James, last of James brothers, noted in civil war and later as desperate man, near Excelsior Springs, Mo., aged seventy-four.

March 24.—Mary Anna Jackson, widow of General T. J. ("Stonewall") Jackson, at Charlotte, N. C., aged eighty-four.

April 6.—Curtis Guild, statesman and diplomat, at Boston, aged fifty-five.

April 7.—F. Hopkinson Smith, author and artist, at New York city, aged seventy-six.

April 13.—W. R. Nelson, editor Kansas City Star in that city, aged seventy-four.

April 16.—Nelson W. Aldrich, former senator from Rhode Island, in New York city, aged seventy-three.

May 2.—Olive Harter, author, in Philadelphia, aged seventy-three.

July 2.—General Porfirio Diaz, president of Mexico for several terms, who was deposed by Madero, at Paris, aged eighty-five.

July 2.—St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, in that city, aged seventy.

Aug. 6.—General B. F. Tracy, lawyer and soldier, former secretary of navy, at New York city, aged eighty-five.

Aug. 6.—John W. Harper, noted publisher, at New York city, aged eighty-four.

Sept. 9.—A. G. Spalding, baseball veteran and sporting goods manufacturer, at Point Loma, Cal., aged sixty-five.

Nov. 1.—Harman Ritter, editor of New-Yorker Staats-Zeitung, at New York city, aged sixty-four.

Nov. 5.—P. A. B. Widener, capitalist, at Philadelphia, aged eighty-two.

Nov. 14.—Booker T. Washington, noted negro educator, at Tuskegee, Ala., aged fifty-seven.

## SPORTING.

April 5.—Jess Willard won heavyweight championship by defeating Jack Johnson at Havana.

April 14.—Big league baseball season opened.

July 2.—St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, in that city, aged seventy.

June 5.—Walter J. Travis won fourth Metropolitan golf championship.

June 12.—Molla Bjurstedt won woman's national tennis championship at Philadelphia.

June 15.—Jerome D. Travers won open golf championship of United States at Baltusrol, N. J.

June 25.—Yale won varsity races from Harvard at New Haven.

June 28.—Cornell won varsity race at Poughkeepsie.

July 16.—Norman S. Taylor of Boston made new world's record for one mile run, covering distance in 4 minutes 12 3-5 seconds.

Sept. 4.—Robert A. Gardner won amateur golf championship at Detroit.

Oct. 9.—Oli Anderson won national singles championship at Forest Hills, N. Y.

Oct. 3.—Boston Americans won fifth game of world's series, thus becoming champions of the world.

Oct. 2.—Olive Harter, author, in Philadelphia, aged eighty-two.

Nov. 14.—Booker T. Washington, noted negro educator, at Tuskegee, Ala., aged fifty-seven.

Nov. 13.—Yale defeated Princeton at football, 12 to 7.

Nov. 20.—Harvard defeated Yale, 41 to 0.

Nov. 27.—Army defeated Navy 14 to 0 at New York.

## OUR TROUBLESOME NEIGHBOR.

Feb. 3.—Villa proclaimed himself president of Mexico.

April 12.—Huerta arrived in New York from Spain.

June 25.—Carranza troops occupied Mexico City.

Aug. 6.—Representatives of United States and South and Central American republics met in New York to find solution for Mexican problem.

April 14.—Conference sent appeal to all factions asking that they make peace.

Oct. 9.—Conferees decided to recognize the Carranza faction in Mexico and he became provisional president.

Nov. 24.—Two Americans killed in border fighting.





## Cold Weather Necessaries

Felt Shoes  
Mitts  
Hosiery  
Sheep Coats  
Moccassins

Overshoes  
Caps  
Sweaters  
Underwear  
Mackinaws

We can Warm You Up!

J. R. MILLER

Now that the cold weather is here you  
will need COAL and WOOD!

We handle the well-known NEWCASTLE  
COAL, also DRY MILL WOOD cut in  
16 inch lengths for kindling or quick fires

National Light Coal Oil 35c gal



M. J. HEWITT

Massey-Harris Agent

Call and see our

New Steel Box Seed Drill

Clean your Grain with a  
Bull Dog Fanning Mill  
and treat your Grain with a  
Floating Bull Dog Grain Pickler

Call and see them before all are gone All are  
guaranteed to give satisfaction

Insurance of all kinds. Conveyancing

W. W. ISBISTER

General Blacksmith

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work  
Repairing.  
Coulters and Discs Sharpened  
Chinook, Alta.

E. S. JOHNSON

Provincial Licensed Auctioneer

Let me cry your sale when you have one. Price right  
and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHINOOK, ALTA



Chinook Lodge, No. 113,  
meets every Monday at 8.00 p. m.  
in Arms' hall, Chinook. Visiting  
members are cordially invited.  
Robt. Dobson, N. G.  
M. J. Hewitt, R. S.

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended

Office: Opp. Crown Lumber  
yard

### THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Published every Thursday at  
Chinook, Alta.  
Subscription: \$1.00 per year, in ad-  
vance; to the United States and  
Old Country, \$1.50

Legal Advertising, 12 cents a line for the first  
insertion and 8 cents a line each subsequent insertion.  
Long, Special, or Special Ads. 50 cents first in-  
sertion, 25 cents each subsequent insertion.

Special Notices in the local columns to cents per  
line each insertion.

Transient advertisements to be paid for when  
ordered.

Display advertisements 20 cents per column inch  
per issue; 35 cents per column inch for a single in-  
sertion.

Changes of advertisement must reach this office  
not later than Tuesday.

A. NICHOLSON,  
Editor and Proprietor

### Chinook Breezes

Just a little too early, it seems,  
to store the ear lops yet.

Mr. Watson of the Union Bank  
staff at Cereal was a Chinook  
visitor on Wednesday.

Bills are out for the second  
annual Chinook fire brigade dance  
on Wednesday next, Feb. 9th.

M. J. Hewitt was appointed  
sec. treas. of the Bison S.D. at a  
meeting of Board last week.

There are quite a number in  
town and district who are suffer-  
ing from gripe and after effects.

See on another page the pro-  
gramme for the next literary  
evening. The last one was one  
of the best, and the next promises  
to be equally as good.

Mrs. Abbie George left on  
Wednesday to visit relatives at  
Weyburn, Sask., and other points  
to be gone some two months, or  
more.

### For a Good Cause

The following farmers have  
kindly donated the acreage set  
opposite their names towards the  
Patriotic Fund in connection with  
the Coltholme U.F.A. Let us  
have your name to add to these:

N. D. Stewart, 1 acre  
W. H. Davis 1/2 "  
Chris Davis 1/2 "  
N. D. Morrison 1 "  
Arthur Davis 1 "  
Robertson Bros 1 "  
J. A. McColl 1 "  
S. Brown 1 "  
Gen Thompson 1/2 "  
Jno Ferguson 1/2 "  
W. Shier 1/2 "  
Lorne Proudfoot, 40 bushels

### Chinook Agri. Hall

Add Your Name to These  
Below

I hereby agree to pay on de-  
mand to the Chinook Agricultural  
Society the sum of five dollars  
for the purpose of building an  
Agricultural Hall provided one  
hundred others do the same.

Andrew Aitken  
F. E. Foster  
H. T. Lensgraf  
Ed. Procter  
Lorne Proudfoot

John Key  
J. A. Fisher  
John Featherston

N. G. Marcy  
W. L. Gilbert

N. G. Kerry  
E. V. Key

Gen. Stewart  
C. R. Brownell

Bert Currie  
Chas. Featherstone

Percy R. Dobson  
Neil McLean

W. A. Todd  
Jas. Young

J. A. McColl  
R. McLean

R. C. Fraser  
Alex Reardon

Sam Macchell  
W. Milligan

J. R. Miller  
Chas. Perry

Fred Lake  
E. O. Hocart

W. W. Isbister  
Reg Witt

Kindly let us have your name to  
add to above.

An order in council has been  
passed placing deserters from  
forces in Canada under the opera-  
tion of the criminal code. They  
are liable to a term of two years  
in the penitentiary. It has been  
considered necessary to adopt  
this course because in some cases  
deserters have turned up after  
their units have gone to the front

It has been estimated that it  
will take the Canadian Pacific and  
Canadian Northern and the  
National Transcontinental railways  
200 days to move last year's crop  
from the prairies to deep water

Hon. Dr. Reid stated in parlia-  
ment at Ottawa, that coal is to  
have preference over all other  
freight in order to assist western  
towns short of coal. He said  
everything possible was being  
done in the matter.

### Canadian Northern Railway

## EXCURSIONS TO VANCOUVER

Victoria, Westminster, B.C.

### A New Route to Pacific Coast

Through Electric Lighted Trains  
Parlor Observation Cars

Excursion Tickets on Sale

FEBRUARY - 8 9. 10. 11, 1916

Good to Return until April 30, 1916

Information and Tickets from any Canadian Northern Agent

R. CREELMAN,  
General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg, Man.

## COAL! HARD LUMP and NUT COAL

We are agents for the celebrated

Midland Coal Co., Drumheller

None Better. Give it a trial

Deman Bros., Chinook

B. J. STEEN

Jeweller and Optician

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

YOUNGSTOWN, ALTA.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

We have the agency for Chinook and district for the  
above. Leave your Repair Work with us, which  
will be promptly attended to

ADVANCE OFFICE

## W. R. HAWKSHAW HARNESS MAKER

Repairing a specialty

Harness, horse collars, horse blankets, saddlery  
hardware, summer dusters, fly nets, whips,  
ventiplex sweat pads, curry combs  
and brushes, &c.

CHINOOK, ALTA.



J.M. DAVIS

PROVINCIAL AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of  
Auction Sales. Terms moderate

CHINOOK. Dates can be made at this office.

CHINOOK

## LIVERY BARN and FEED STABLES

Stock left in our care have the best of attention.

Good Rigs and Horses. Ample Accommodation

JONES & MAXWELL

### Crushing and Chopping Russian Poplar Cuttings

The undersigned begs to inform  
Farmers and others, that he is now  
fully prepared to do all kinds of  
Crushing and Chopping, on the short-  
est notice. Prices right. Mill at rear  
of Milligan's feed stables, Chinook.  
E. MILLIGAN, Prop'r

Seed Barley for Sale

I have a few hundred Bushels of  
good Barley for Sale. Guaranteed  
Clean. Anyone wishing to sow Bar-  
ley, order now for Spring delivery.  
Leave orders at this office, or  
J. P. WATSON,  
Chinook

### NOTICE

Hereafter, I will be at the  
Hotel, Chinook, every Satur-  
day, for the purpose of collect-  
ing taxes due the R. M. of  
Sounding Creek, No. 273

H. J. LOREE,  
Bailliff